Proctotrupoidea s.l. and Ceraphronoidea from Iceland: new records and corrections (Hymenoptera)

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Buhl, P.N.: Proctotrupoidea s.l. and Ceraphronoidea from Iceland: new records and corrections (Hymenoptera).

Ent. Meddr 70: 77-80. Copenhagen, Denmark, 2002. ISSN 0013-8851.

New collecting data for 23 species of Proctotrupoidea s.l. and Ceraphronoidea from Iceland are given. Two species are recorded as new to Iceland, Exallonyx microcerus Kieffer and Platygaster gracilipes Huggert, and two are deleted from the list, namely Spilomicrus suecica (Kieffer) and Trimorus pedestris (Nees). The species reported as Exallonyx ligatus (Nees) from Iceland is in fact E. trifoveatus Kieffer. Thus, the number of species of Proctotrupoidea s.l. and Ceraphronoidea known from Iceland is still 33.

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In February 2002, the Zoological Museum, University of Copenhagen (ZMUC) received a gift of 1077 Icelandic specimens of Proctotrupoidea s.l. and Ceraphronoidea from Dr. Michael von Tschirnhaus (University of Bielefeld, Germany). Most of the specimens were collected by Tschirnhaus in the summer of 2001.

Lars Huggert in Olafsson (1991) reported 33 species of Proctotrupoidea s.l. (= Proctotrupoidea and Platygastroidea) and Ceraphronoidea from Iceland. With the inclusion of the information of the present paper the number of species from Iceland is still 33, as 2 species are deleted from the list, and 2 new are added. It seems to be difficult to raise this number more than marginally. However, at least one further species very probably exists in Iceland, cf. below under Trimorus therycides.

The following is a list of the 23 species in the Tschirnhaus material, and a few further species in the list of Ólafsson (1991) are commented upon. New records are collected by Tschirnhaus unless otherwise mentioned. Apart from necessary updatings the nomenclature and listing order used in Ólafsson (1991) has been retained.

Proctotrupidae

Exallonyx ligatus (Nees, 1834)

This species reported as *ligatus* by Petersen (1956), reiterated in Olafsson (1991), is in fact the closely related species E. trifoveatus Kieffer, 1908 (the two females in ZMUC reported by Petersen examined), a common Holarctic species, cf. Townes & Townes (1981).

Exallonyx microcerus Kieffer, 1908

New to Iceland: 1 female, SW. Iceland, Grindavík (63°51'N 22°26'W) 16.VII.2001; 2 females, W. Iceland, Snæfellsnes, Stykkishólmur (65°04'N 22°44'W) 6.VIII.2001. This is a well-known common species throughout most of Europe, cf. Townes & Townes (1981).

Cryptoserphus aculeator (Haliday, 1839)

4 males, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes and at Borgarfjörður), N. Iceland (Grenivík) 11.VII.-6.VIII.2001, leg. Tschirnhaus & B. Rothe. In ZMUC also 1 female, SE. Iceland (Skaftafell), leg. Jens Böcher, 31.VII.1961.

Diapriidae

Cinetus?fuscicornisKieffer, 1910

1 female, N. Iceland, N of Hövðavatn, near Höfði farm (65°59'N 19°24'W) 4.VIII.2001. I am in doubt about the identity of this specimen; of the two *Cinetus* species recorded in Ólafsson (1991) it can only possibly fit in "*?fuscicornis*".

Pantoclis trisulcata Kieffer, 1907

5 males, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (20 km W of Dalvík), 3-6.VIII.2001. Thus, this is not an "extreme southern species" as recorded by Petersen (1956: 154).

Polypeza ciliata (Thomson, 1859)

1 male, W. Iceland (30 km NW of Borgarnes); 2 females, N. Iceland (N of Hövðavatn, near Höfði farm). *Atelopsilus borealis* described by Petersen (1956) and listed as *Polypeza borealis* in Ólafsson (1991), was synonymized with *Polypeza ciliata* (Thomson, 1859) by Macek (1993).

Spilomicrus suecica (Kieffer, 1916)

This species listed in Ólafsson (1991) should be deleted from the list. *Loxotropa suecica* Kieffer, 1916 in fact belongs to genus *Basalys*, cf. Johnson (1992). It is probably a synonym of *B. parva* Thomson, 1858, also listed in Ólafsson (1991), and see also below.

Psilus frontalis (Thomson, 1858) 1 male and 1 female, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes) 22-28.VIII.1974, leg. Klaus Graeber.

Basalys parva Thomson, 1858

5 males, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes) and N. Iceland (river delta of Frijoská, coast of Eyjafjörður) 26.VII.-9.VIII.2001.

Platymischus dilatatus Westwood, 1832

352 males, 3 females, W. Iceland, Snæfellsnes, coast W of airfield Stykkishólmur, aspirated from stones/algae on the beach, 7.VIII.2001 (together with Diptera: Empididae).

Trichopria aptera (Ruthe, 1859) 1 male, N. Iceland, 20 km W of Dalvík, 3-4.VIII.2001.

Scelionidae

Trimorus ovatus (Thomson, 1859) 1 male, 4 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes) 22-28.VIII.1974, leg. Klaus Graeber.

Trimorus pedestris (Nees, 1834)

This species recorded by Petersen (1956) and Ólafsson (1991) should be deleted from the Icelandic list. The specimens erroneously referred to this species belong to *T. ovatus* (Thomson, 1859) (material in ZMUC examined).

Trimorus therycides (Walker, 1836)

3 males, N. Iceland (20 km W of Dalvík and Jökulsargljúfur National Park) 30.VII.-4.VIII.2001. Recorded only from the same limited area in the north as by Petersen (1956: 158) (as *T. brachypterus* (Thomson, 1859)), a distribution "unique among all species" of Icelandic Hymenoptera (Petersen, 1956: 160). The species recorded from S. as well as from N. Iceland by Petersen (1956) as "*Trimorus* sp." runs to *T. autumnalis* (Thomson, 1859) in Hellen's (1971) key. *T. autumnalis* was synonymized with *T. therycides* by Szabó (1966) who also synonymized *brachypterus* with *therycides*. After examining the Icelandic material in ZMUC, I would like to follow Petersen in stating that we are dealing with two valid species here (preferably by using Thomson's names), but at present I follow Szabó's decision, awaiting a critical reevaluation of his work.

Telenomus nitidulus (Thomson, 1860)

4 males, 31 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes) and N. Iceland (Akureyri, shore of lake Mývatn, and 20 km W of Dalvík) 25.VII.-28.VIII, leg. Tschirnhaus & Graeber.

Platygastridae

Allotropa conventus Maneval, 1936

7 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes, 9 km E of Buðir) 9.VIII.2001.

Platygaster gracilipes Huggert, 1975

New to Iceland: Î female, N. Iceland, Jökulsargljúfur National Park, W of river Jökulsá á Fjöllum (65°56'N 16°33'W) 30.VII.2001. Rather common in NW. Europe.

Platygaster opacus Ruthe, 1859

15 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (Jökulsargljúfur National Park, W of river Jökulsá á Fjöllum, and at the S end of lake Mývatn) 28.VII.-9.VIII.2001.

Platygaster splendidulus Ruthe, 1859

560 specimens from many parts of Iceland, not mostly a southern species as recorded by Petersen (1956: 156): SW, Grindavík and W coast of Reykjanes; W, Snæfellsnes and 30 km NW of Borgarnes; N, 20 km W of Dalvík, Öxnadalsheiði, Grenivík, Jökulsargljúfur National Park; Central-West, S of Langjökull.

Synopeassp.

2 females, N. Iceland (NE shore of lake Mývatn) 28.VII.2001. 7 females in ZMUC from SE. Iceland (Skaftafell) 27-31.VII.1961, leg. Jens Böcher, belong to the same species. The species is rather similar to the W. European *S. larides* (Walker, 1835) but possibly new to science.

Ceraphronidae

Aphanogmus abdominalis (Thomson, 1858) 3 males, W. Iceland, Snæfellsnes 6-28.VIII., leg. Tschirnhaus & Graeber.

Aphanogmus gracilicornis Förster, 1861

6 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (20 km W of Dalvík), S. Iceland (S. of Eyjafjallajökull), 20.VII.-9.VIII.2001.

Megaspilidae

Lagynodes pallidus (Boheman, 1832)

7 males, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (20 km W of Dalvík, N of Hövðavatn, and NE shore of lake Mývatn), 28.VII.-28.VIII., leg. Tschirnhaus & Graeber. Thus, this is not an "east-southern" species as recorded by Petersen (1956: 155).

Dendrocerus aphidum (Rondani, 1877)

9 males, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (Grenivík and along coast 9 km NNW of Kopasker), 27.VII.-28.VIII., leg. Tschirnhaus & Graeber.

Dendrocerus bicolor (Kieffer, 1907)

2 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (NE shore of lake Mývatn), 28.VII.-7.VIII.2001.

Dendrocerus bifoveatus (Kieffer, 1907)

11 males, 32 females, W. Iceland (Snæfellsnes), N. Iceland (river delta of Frijoská at coast of Eyjafjörður, shore of lake Mývatn, Grenivík, and along coast 9 km NNW of Kopasker), 26.VII.-7.VIII.2001.

Acknowledgements

I thank Dr. Michael von Tschirnhaus for providing the material.

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